Seven decades after the destruction of the Armenian population in the Ottoman Empire, the Armenian genocide remains largely ignored by governments and forgotten by the world public, even though the annihilation of Armenians was

The adoption of Christianity had a permanent impact on the course of Armenian history and culture. These were the heroic, colourful and harsh feudal centuries of Armenia.

The challenge facing the Armenian people was to maintain as much freedom as possible under the shadow of powerful neighbouring empires. When the Arab caliphate was at its zenith, the Seljuk Turks were the greatest threat, and later on, the Mongol warrior-princes were a danger to Armenian independence. With the collapse of the Mongol Empire came a relative lull in the century-long struggle against foreign forces, though with the invasion of the Persians under the Shah of Isfandiyar, Armenia again became a pawn in the political game being played out in the region.

The Armenian Highland

The political, religious and cultural life of Armenia was always closely intertwined with the history of its state. The country had no geographical boundaries, and the Armenians were constantly on the move. The great migrations of the centuries of persecution were accompanied by a great deal of internal movement as the Armenians attempted to set up new communities in the mountainous regions of Cilicia, Syunik, Zangabad and Tavush. In the face of these changes, the Armenians developed a strong sense of national identity, a sense of their own distinctness from the Persians and other nationalities.

The Armenian Experience

The Armenian experience was one of persecution, survival and rebirth. The Armenians faced the threat of annihilation by foreign invaders, yet managed to survive and flourish. The Armenians were also a people of great cultural achievement, producing a rich and diverse literature, art and architecture. The Armenians were a people of great resilience, able to rise above the challenges of war, famine and persecution.

The Republic of Armenia: From Versailles to London, 1919-1920

Although the First World War had ended in 1918, the armistice had been signed in 1919, and the Treaty of Versailles had been drafted in 1919, the war was not yet over. The reason for this is the complex nature of the conflict and the need for a comprehensive solution to the complex problems.

The Ottoman Endgame: War, Revolution, and the Making of the Modern Middle East

An astonishing retelling of twentieth century history from the Ottoman perspective, McMeekin’s absorbingly vivid novel tells the story of the Ottoman Empire’s fraught and unshakable position as the world entered the first decades of the 20th century. Between 1911 and 1922, a series of wars engulfed the Ottoman Empire, the result of which was astringent, unsettling, and above all, transformative. This was a time of war, revolution, empire, and a fragmented Middle East - a period of unprecedented violence and confusion.

The Russian Revolution and Civil War 1917-1921

This book is a comprehensive guide to the Russian Revolution and Civil War. It begins with the end of the Tsarist regime in 1917 and the February Revolution, progressing through the Bolshevik revolution and the Civil War to the establishment of the Soviet state.

The Russian Revolution and Civil War in the World (1917-1921) - Kegan Paul International - 2023-02-04

The book is divided into three parts: the first part covers the events leading up to the Russian Revolution, the second part covers the Civil War, and the third part covers the establishment of the Soviet state.

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Armenian independence, this book analyzes the internal dynamics of the revolutionary movement, the genocide, the Armenian Diaspora, its recovered statehood and recent independence, as well as the relationship of these developments to Azerbaijanis, Armenians as well as for the Great Powers well beyond its dissolution. Moreover, the experience of the TDFR reifies federalism as a key political concept in the modern history of the Caucasus. The chapters in this book were

The Transcaucasian Democratic Federative Republic of 1918

Despite its month-long existence in this geopolitically volatile region, the TDFR, with and its federative nature and the various discussions about federalism and federation that it provoked, continued to have an appeal for Georgians, TDFR, drawing on contributions (with the new material from archives in Tbilisi, Grozny, Yerevan, Baku, Istanbul, Berlin, London, Washington D.C.) by a new generation of historians and scholars working on the region. The book argues that

Social Snapshot and Poverty in the Republic of Armenia

The author goes on to assess the historical link between ethnicity and territorial location as sources of ethnic identification and conflict. He examines how identity differences shaped the relations between Armenians and Azerbaijanis during

The Legacy of History in Russia and the New States of Eurasia

The Legacy of History in Russia and the New States of Eurasia presents a new approach to understanding the complexities of history and change in Russia and the former Soviet states. It explores the ways in which historical memory and the legacy of the past continue to shape contemporary politics, society, and culture. The book examines the role of history in shaping identity, politics, and society in the post-Soviet region, and considers how the legacies of Imperial Russia and the Soviet Union continue to influence the present. The Legacy of History in Russia and the New States of Eurasia offers a comprehensive and nuanced analysis of the ways in which historical memory and the legacy of the past continue to shape contemporary politics, society, and culture in the post-Soviet region. It is essential reading for students and scholars of Russian and post-Soviet studies, as well as for anyone interested in understanding the complexities of history and change in the former Soviet states.

Armenia's Political Transformation: 1990–2015

Armenia's Political Transformation: 1990–2015 is a comprehensive account of Armenia's democratic transition from 1990 to 2015. The book provides an in-depth analysis of the political, social, and economic changes that occurred in Armenia during this period, and examines the factors that contributed to the country's democratic development.

The International Politics of Eurasia: v. 1: The Influence of History

The International Politics of Eurasia: v. 1: The Influence of History explores the role of history in shaping international politics in Eurasia. The book examines how historical legacies and memories shape political decisions, influence public opinion, and impact relations between states in the region. It offers a unique perspective on the complex interactions between history and politics in Eurasia, and is essential reading for anyone interested in understanding the region's political dynamics.

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